

Together 2030 Tracking of HoS Statements - UNGA71 2016

**Texts are extracts from Member States statements delivered during the General Debate of the 71st UN General Assembly*

COUNTRY	Messages on Implementation plans at national level, accountability and participation of civil society and stakeholders	Link to the Statement
Albania	Pilot country in designing the global indicators for the implementation of the SDG Goal 16. Agenda 2030 integrated in the National Strategy for Development and Integration	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/AL_EN.pdf
Angola	I would like to state that the Republic of Angola is firmly committed to implementing the objectives of 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development by adopting appropriate measures at the national level to be implemented in the next fifteen years, for the benefit of the people, of our planet, for prosperity, stability and peace. To fulfill the above objectives, Angola considers it important to take a holistic approach, i.e., an integrated and comprehensive approach by all Member States in all sectors and at all levels in order to keep their universal and inclusive nature.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/AO_EN.pdf
Argentina	Not available at UN website	Not available at UN website
Armenia	Welcomes the integration of the Vienna Programme of Action for Landlocked Developing Countries into the Agenda 2030.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/AM_EN.pdf
Austria	Not available at UN website	Not available at UN website
Azerbaijan	Adapted SDGs into national development strategy Implementing large scale programmes on good governance, sustainable growth, promoting inclusive societies, etc.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/AZ_EN.pdf
Bangladesh	In 2015, we adopted a transformative development agenda with a set of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The political will behind the agenda needs to be translated into concrete and meaningful support for countries that are lagging behind. In order to catch up, the developing world needs access to transformative technologies. The internationally agreed development commitments for the Least Developed Countries (LDCs) must be fulfilled to pave the way for their graduation.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/BD_EN.pdf

Belgium	Les Objectifs du développement durable et les Accords de Paris sur le climat nous fournissent un cadre volontariste. A nous de travailler d'arrache-pied pour les implémenter. C'est notre devoir pour les générations qui vont nous suivre. C'est notre devoir pour un monde plus sûr et plus respectueux de notre planète.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/BE_FR.pdf
Benin	My country, Benin, has engaged in this direction and has undertaken the required political, administrative and good governance reforms. One can add to this nearly half a century of political stability as well as a mature democracy; all these elements give Benin the capacity to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals, provided the country receives adequate support.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/BJ_EN.pdf
Bolivia	Not available at UN website	Not available at UN website
Bosnia and Herzegovina	<p>Bosnia and Herzegovina fully supports the Agenda 2030. As a newly elected member of the Economic and Social Council, we will play an active role in the implementation of this transformative blueprint for change. Our achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals will depend on the availability of support for national implementation -- primarily from the revised and improved Global partnership for sustainable development, which must be a true global platform for exchange of best practices in the field of finance, trade, technology and capacity building between Member States. We support the Global mechanism and the monitoring of the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals, which will outline critical milestones towards a coherent and inclusive follow up and review of the Agenda at the global level.</p> <p>The Agenda 2030 requires us not only to transform "for people" but also "for the planet". Our development must not come at the expense of our habitat. Unless we urgently take a coordinated global action to reverse the existing patterns of environmental degradation and climate change, we risk endangering the desired future for generations to come. Fulfilling the commitments of the Sendai Framework and the Paris Agreement is critical to protect development outcomes and adapt to the consequences of natural disasters and climate change, through risk-informed development. Bosnia and Herzegovina is already implementing the Strategy of adapting to climate change and low carbon development, with the aim of becoming a viable and advanced "green economy" by 2025.</p>	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/BA_EN.pdf

<p>Brazil</p>	<p>The 2030 Agenda is the greatest United Nations endeavour in favour of development. Turning it into reality will require more than the sum of national efforts. Supporting developing countries will be crucial to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals and Targets. Prosperity and well-being today should not impair the future of mankind. Economic growth should be socially balanced and environmentally friendly. We live in the same Planet. There is no plan B. We must take ambitious measures under the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660439/brazil.pdf</p>
<p>Bulgaria</p>	<p>We made history with the adoption of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the Paris Climate Change Agreement. Now it is time for their implementation. It is up to all of us to adapt our national strategies and deliver on these commitments. My country is elaborating the National Programme for Development Bulgaria 2030 by actively engaging civil society, young people, the private sector and media. We focus on education, high-tech and innovation to build green and energy efficient economy. The theme of this year's General Debate "The Sustainable Development Goals: a universal push to transform our world" is extremely important for all of us. The full and timely implementation of the SDGs is crucial to ensure progress and prosperity around the world,strengthen peace and make our planet a better place to live</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/BG_EN.pdf</p>

<p>Burkina Faso</p>	<p>S'inscrivant en droite ligne des aspirations profondes du peuple, le PNDES, qui prend en compte les grandes orientations du Programme de Developpement Durable a l'horizon 2030, ainsi que celles de l'Agenda 2063 de l'Union africaine, sera presente a nos partenaires techniques et financiers lors d'une table ronde des bailleurs de fonds qui aura lieu les 7 et 8 decembre 2016 a Paris. Nous savons pouvoir compter sur la solidarite agissante de tous, qui, en soutien aux efforts propres de l'Etat burkinabe, permettra de consolider les bases d'un veritable developpement durable, gage de paix, de securite et de stabilite de notre pays.</p> <p>Le developpement durable n'a jamais figure en aussi borme place dans l'agenda des priorites de la communaute internationale. Surtout, l'engagement en faveur de l'eradication de la pauvrete et la lutte contre les inegalites n,.ont jamais ete aussi forts.</p> <p>Il faut done saluer la pertinence du theme de cette session qui nous appelle a donner l'impulsion necessaire a la transformation qualitative du monde, par une mise en reuvre efficace des Objectifs du developpement durable que nous avons unanimement adoptes l'annee derniere, tout en veillant, comme nous y a si souvent engage le Secretaire general, a ne laisser persorme de cote.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/BF_FR.pdf</p>
<p>Cambodia</p>	<p>J'en viens aux "Objectifs du Developpement durable". L'adoption de "l'Agenda 2030 pour un developpement durable", confirme des objectifs ambitieux. Mais encore faut-il que cette ambition s'accompagne d'une veritable volonte politique. Je veux souligner ici la responsabilite des pays riches qui ont les moyens de faire de ces objectifs une realite. Si le monde a fait, depuis 1990, de grands progres en matiere de developpement humain, deux chiffres fournis par le PNUD, doivent retenir notre attention : ii y a plus de 2 milliards de pauvres dans le monde et 1 milliard deux cent millions de personnes vivent avec mains d'un dollar vingt-cinq par jour. Rien qu'au regard de ces deux chiffres, les 17 objectifs du developpement durable sont autant de taches urgentes</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/KH_FR.pdf</p>

<p>Cameroon</p>	<p>in a remarkable show of human solidarity, we have, in recent years, laid the building blocks of one destiny for humankind. Let me mention in particular the Rio+20 outcome document which is meaningfully titled "The Future We Want", as well as the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) of the new 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and, lastly, the Paris Agreement obtained at COP21.</p> <p>Within this context, my country welcomes your decision to place your tenure under the banner of implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. It therefore hails the holding of this debate on the Sustainable Development Goals nine months after their adoption. The SDGs, it should be recalled, constitute the first global agenda that considers development in all its dimensions: security, economic, social, human and environmental. Mr President, as you are aware, we have, in the past, adopted agendas, declarations and action programmes which raised great hopes in the world among youths, women and men in the cities and countryside. They heralded a new world of peace and shared prosperity.</p> <p>Yet, the agreed actions were only partially implemented. We deplored the situation at that time, right here: we failed to honour all our commitments, especially financial. We did not fulfil all the hopes and aspirations of our peoples.</p> <p>Today, let us get organized to ensure that the Sustainable Development Goals fare better. Since it is about "transforming our world and leaving no one behind", let us then find wherewithal to realize our ambitions. Such wherewithal is of three categories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Firstly, political: our political will should be constant and not wax and wane according to circumstances. - Secondly, financial : our contributions should be effective, certain and adequate. This will require unprecedented mobilization 	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/CM_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Canada</p>	<p>Not available at UN website</p>	<p>Not available at UN website</p>

<p>Chad</p>	<p>La communauté internationale. est capable d'éradiquer la pauvreté sur terre pourvu qu'elle tienne les engagements pris dans le cadre de l'Agenda 2030 pour le développement durable mettant l'être humain au centre de toutes les préoccupations.</p> <p>La mise en œuvre de cet Agenda devrait être une priorité absolue pour éliminer l'extrême pauvreté, lutter contre les changements climatiques, renforcer la résilience et promouvoir une croissance économique durable, profitant à tous.</p> <p>A cet égard, nous soulignons l'impérieuse nécessité d'une mobilisation effective des ressources nécessaires au financement du développement conformément au Plan d'Action d'Addis-Abeba.</p> <p>L'Afrique s'engage à jouer sa partition en veillant à un agencement efficace d'efforts et une cohérence dans les objectifs entre son Agenda 2063 et l'Agenda 2030.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660441/chad.pdf</p>
<p>Chile</p>	<p>We are committed to Agenda 2030 and the Sustainable Development goals. We also endorse the Paris Agreement, which is the most ambitious and focused agreement in the history of the multilateral negotiations concerning climate change.</p> <p>Together with Monaco and France, we sponsored the "Because the Ocean" declaration, stressing the need to pay special attention to how environmental degradation affects ocean waters, which has been signed by over 30 countries. Protection of the oceans is vital for our common future, and today it is under threat.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/CL_EN.pdf</p>
<p>China</p>	<p>Not available at UN website</p>	<p>Not Available at UN website</p>
<p>Colombia</p>	<p>The Sustainable Development Goals have already been adopted into law in our country, we were the first country to do this. The Paris Agreement on Climate Change is now before Congress in order to also become a law. Peace will undoubtedly allow us to achieve these transformative commitments with greater ease and effectiveness.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/CO_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Costa Rica</p>	<p>For this reason, on September 9th, the heads of the three state branches, representatives of many sectors such as local governments, social and religious organizations, and academia gathered to sign the National Pact to meet the Sustainable Development Goals.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660478/costa-rica.pdf</p>

Cote D'Ivoire	<p>En depit de ce contexte particulier, nous devons poursuivre sans relache, la mise en reuvre des Objectifs du Developpement Durable (ODD) et de l'Agenda de Developpement pour les 15 prochaines annees. C'est ici le lieu de rappeler les engagements pris a Addis-Abeba, en juillet 2015, lors de la 3eme Conference internationale sur le financement du developpement, mais egalement ceux decides a travers l'objectif 17 des ODD et d'autres instruments specifiques additionnels comme le Fonds Vert pour le Climat. La Cote d'Ivoire, a travers le Programme National de Developpement (PND) 2016-2020, et Cote d'Ivoire Perspectives (2040), entend mobiliser les moyens necessaires a la realisation des ODD. La bonne situation economique de notre pays a d'ores et deja permis d'ameliorer tous les indicateurs sociaux et d'amorcer, en profondeur, le processus de reduction de la pauvreté et de redistribution des dividendes de la croissance economique. Toutes ces avancees seront pleinement ressenties par nos populations dans la-duree.</p> <p>Je me felicite du choix du theme de cette session, qui nous interpelle sur la necessite d'accelerer le rythme de transformation de nos societes et d'offrir davantage d'opportunités et de facilites aux populations les plus vulnérables. Nous devons donc construire des economies performantes si nous voulons realiser la feuille de route des ODD.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/CI_FR.pdf</p>
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<p>Croatia</p>	<p>A year has passed since we have adopted the milestone Agenda 2030 and we are now one step and one year closer to its deadline. Today, in terms of achievements and responsibilities, I would like to address sustainable development by focusing on human potential, natural resources and resilient societies.</p> <p>We have all signed the Agenda, this plan of action for people, planet and prosperity. People should be at the heart of our efforts, and youth at the very core. Our goal as leaders is to empower our youth through education and to give them opportunities to be the catalysts of transformation and progress. Now is the time to start viewing our youth as the guardians of the Agenda 2030, because in fourteen years whatever progress we have achieved, will be theirs to carry on.</p> <p>In terms of unlocking global human potential, I believe that if we want to give future generations a chance at a better life by 2030, we must address three main mutually reinforcing phenomena: large scale migrations, demographic dynamics and youth unemployment.</p> <p>There will be no real progress without a gender-responsive implementation of the Agenda 2030. To succeed we need more women in politics and business, in diplomacy and on executive boards. But this will not happen without men. Their role in the empowerment of women, their support and understanding, is as crucial as the will of women to succeed.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/HR_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Cuba</p>	<p>No less than 795 million persons in the world suffer from chronic hunger and every day 18 000 children die of poverty. More than 660 million persons consume unsafe water and 780 million adults and 103 million youths are illiterate. It is quite likely that they have never heard about the Millennium Development Goals; but if they had, they would hardly believe in the new Sustainable Development Goals.</p> <p>The gap between our deliberations and peoples' realities persists. The lack of political will of industrialized States becomes evident. The irrational patterns of consumption and production of capitalism which lead to the destruction of the living conditions in the planet are replicated.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/CU_EN.pdf</p>

Cyprus	<p>We, therefore collectively pledged to the implementation of the sustainable development goals, so as to transform our world for the benefit of humankind.</p> <p>The universal , comprehensive and indivisible 2030 agenda for sustainable development represents a common reference point for all of us and our guiding tool to tackle effectively the universal challenges that transcend boundaries and threaten regional and international cohesion. First, by directing and concentrating our efforts to make sustainable development finally a reality to all those countries and regions in need.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/CY_EN.pdf</p>
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<p>Denmark</p>	<p>While the challenges facing the United Nations today may seem daunting, our recent record does give cause for optimism. The adoption of the 2030 Agenda, the successful conclusion of the Paris Climate Agreement as well as the first ever World Humanitarian Summit have demonstrated our ability to come together to address today's global challenges. The 2030 Agenda is essentially an agenda for our future generations, and the engagement of the world's youth in its implementation is indispensable. Young people possess an enormous potential and must be involved in the work ahead. It is of utmost importance that the new Secretary-General will show the same determination towards forcefully addressing the challenges for the millions of displaced, refugees and migrants across the world, ensuring the implementation of the 2030 Agenda, and undertaking the necessary crucial reforms of the United Nations. The Sustainable Development Goals can only be achieved if co-operation is integrated across different fields and sectors. The UN Development System must be reformed and made truly fit for purpose. The UN System must completely rethink its operational approach. Silo-thinking and internal competition for resources must become phenomena of the past. Governments can play an important role in further encouraging private business and investors to contribute to the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals. That is why the Prime Minister of Denmark last week announced a new Sustainable Development Goals investment fund. The Danish Government has initially allocated 15 million US Dollars to this fund, and intends to allocate more in the coming years. The goal is to raise capital from private investors and reach a capital base of up to 750 million US Dollars. Investments will be made across the Sustainable Development Goals, to improve energy, climate, industry and infrastructure, food production and health in order to generate sustainable growth, jobs and tax revenue in developing countries. The effectiveness of the United Nations system, and indeed our ability to turn the promise of the Sustainable Development Goals into reality, begin and end with the preparedness of its Member States to work together. Denmark sees gender equality and the empowerment of women as key requirements to</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/DK_EN.pdf</p>
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Dominican Republic	<p>Within the framework of this United Nations Assembly, the Post-2015 Development Agenda, with its adoption of the Sustainable Development Goals, is a good roadmap for many of the challenges we face in Latin America, the Caribbean and the World.</p> <p>Our country believes that it is important to work every day to reduce suffering and to develop strategies to ensure that the way out of poverty is a path of no return.</p> <p>However, to accomplish these goals in order to lift hundreds of millions of people out of poverty, more is needed than just adopting a series of formulas and indicators.</p> <p>Profound changes must be urgently made to the ways in which trade and financial flows are done.</p> <p>That is, the rules of the game between rich and poor countries must be revised.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/DO_EN.pdf</p>
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<p>DRC</p>	<p>mus par la volonté de faire aboutir les efforts de paix, de sécurité et de développement dans chacun de nos Etats comme dans le monde, nous avons, en septembre de l'année dernière, collectivement mis en place un nouvel agenda global de développement, voulu durable, pour les quinze prochaines années, afin de relever le défi du sous-développement, de la pauvreté et de l'avènement d'un monde plus juste, plus solidaire et plus stable, où l'égalité des chances ne serait plus un mirage.</p> <p>Le thème du présent débat général, à savoir: « Les objectifs de développement durable : une nouvelle impulsion pour transformer notre monde » est donc d'une opportunité indiscutable. Il permet une première évaluation générale de la direction prise dans la mise en œuvre du nouvel agenda afin, si nécessaire, de rectifier la trajectoire et d'en garantir la réalisation des Objectifs. J'ai axé mon propos sur le lancement par le Gouvernement de la République Démocratique du Congo de la mise en œuvre des objectifs de développement durable dès le début de l'année 2016 à travers l'élaboration des actions prioritaires, tout en notant le lien entre ses objectifs et le nouveau Plan stratégique de développement de mon pays.</p> <p>La République Démocratique du Congo est résolument engagée dans la mise en œuvre des objectifs de développement durable. Tenant compte des leçons apprises des efforts déployés pour la réalisation des objectifs du millénaire pour le développement, elle a pris l'option d'intégrer les objectifs de développement durable dans son plan stratégique de développement national, vision à long terme et cadre stratégique de mise en cohérence des politiques et actions qui prennent en compte les questions de changement climatique, épousent les priorités de l'Agenda 2063 de l'Union Africaine et nous engagent dans un processus qui vise à hisser la République Démocratique du Congo au niveau de pays à revenu intermédiaire à l'horizon 2021, en s'appuyant sur la transformation de l'agriculture ; de pays émergent en 2030, grâce à une industrialisation intensive et de pays développés en 2050, par l'avènement d'une société de connaissances.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/CD_FR.pdf</p>
<p>Ecuador</p>	<p>No reference found to the 2030 Agenda or SDGs</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/EC_ES.pdf</p>

Egypt	<p>The current session of the General Assembly comes in the wake of our launching of a new phase in the strive towards comprehensive sustainable development, with its environmental, economic, and social dimensions, after our adoption of the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda and the Addis Ababa Action Plan for the financing of development during the previous year. The aspirations of peoples, particularly in the developing world, for a suitable standard of living and constant progress is doubtlessly our primary responsibility as leaders entrusted by our peoples with these goals, in line with the principles of humanity that guide us all. However, the challenges that face developing countries, coupled with the limited capabilities at their disposal, prevent the realization of the level of ambition displayed in the agenda. Developing countries are not afforded a sufficient opportunity to achieve sustainable development; they require a conducive international environment which provides them with a larger share of international trade, finance mechanisms, and transfer of technology, as well as influx of investments and debt settlement, in addition to the necessity of a conducive national environment for development.</p> <p>Egypt calls for the support of the role of the state, in order to guarantee a balance between the different dimensions of sustainable development, particularly in relation to the effectiveness of social security networks, and advancement of national ownership of development.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660468/egypt_eng.pdf</p>
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<p>El Salvador</p>	<p>En primer lugar deseo reiterar el mas alto y decidido compromiso de El Salvador por cumplir y apoyar a nivel global la Agenda 2030 y sus 17 Objetivos, con miras a transformar a nuestro pais y el mundo en un lugar mejor para sus habitantes.</p> <p>Hace nueve meses, El Salvador se convirti6 en el primer pais del mundo en firmar un acuerdo pionero con el Sistema de las Naciones Unidas, para colaborar a largo plazo, en un programa de implementaci6n acelerada de los Objetivos de Desarrollo Sostenible en 15 naciones del globo.</p> <p>Nuestro objetivo, al ser parte de esta ambiciosa iniciativa es dar sostenibilidad a los esfuerzos del pais para esta agenda. Teniendo en cuenta que los ODS tienen un plazo para su cumplimiento, hemos articulado desde ya estrategias con nuestro Plan Quinquenal de Desarrollo "El Salvador productivo, educado y seguro".</p> <p>La Agenda 2030, ha sido para El Salvador un respaldo internacional a los procesos que ya tenemos en marcha. Estamos construyendo nuestra propia Agenda Nacional de Desarrollo Sostenible que se deriva tanto de la Agenda 2030 como de nuestras politicas publicas. En el marco de este trabajo conjunto con las Naciones Unidas, es fundamental el empoderamiento de una diversidad de actores en el proceso de implementaci6n. Con este fin, estamos creando el Consejo Nacional de Desarrollo Sostenible, un mecanismo conjunto entre gobierno y sociedad civil encargado consultar, concertar y coordinar a nivel nacional del cumplimiento de los ODS. En El Salvador, estamos convencidos que los Objetivos de Desarrollo Sostenible deben convertirse en una agenda de la sociedad. Deben convertirse en una vision y un programa compartido entre gobierno, ciudadania, organizaciones sociales, empresas, universidades y demas pilares de la sociedad.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/SV_ES.pdf</p>
<p>Estonia</p>	<p>The Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) and the Agenda 2030 are effective tools for advancing security and stability, economic growth, eradicating poverty, for preservation of the environment and for human development. Taking this commitment seriously, Estonia was among the first countries to present our Voluntary National Review on implementation of SDGs during the High Level Political Forum.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/EE_EN.pdf</p>

<p>Ethiopia</p>	<p>It is under these challenging circumstances that we are striving to implement our transformational agenda and, obviously, there are no easy solutions to these complex challenges. The situation is much more pronounced specially for least developed countries like us which are making every possible effort to make a dent on poverty.</p> <p>We are trying to escape from the poverty trap and take our country on the path of sustainable growth and there are bound to be twists and turns in our efforts. This is only natural as the successful development experiences of others have shown in the past. What we need is to have the policy space to make mistakes and learn from them. We believe our vision is right and we are determined to get there. Whatever challenges and shortcomings we may have, we don't have difficulty owning up to them and we will make every possible effort to deal with them in close consultation, cooperation and participation of our people.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/ET_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Fiji</p>	<p>I am proud to report that Fiji is heeding your call to implement the 2030 global agenda. First and foremost, we have placed sustainable development at the core of our national agenda. The Green Growth Framework that I launched last year is a blueprint for the future direction of our nation. And has been incorporated into our new five and twenty year National Development Plans that we will be unveiling in the coming months.</p> <p>This stipulates that no development whatsoever in Fiji will be permitted unless it can be conclusively demonstrated to be sustainable. We regard the preservation of our natural environment on land and at sea as our number one priority. And we are willing to make sacrifices to fulfill our solemn duty to the Fijian people to preserve their surroundings.</p> <p>Our Constitution under Section 40 gives every Fijian the right to “ a clean and healthy environment, which includes the right to have the natural world protected for the benefit of present and future generations”.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660460/fiji.pdf</p>

Finland	<p>The adoption of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development a year ago was a milestone. Another was the conclusion of the Paris Agreement to combat climate change. The true test, however, will be their implementation. In Finland, it is being carried out in an inclusive way. We focus on establishing partnerships between government, the private sector, universities and civil society. All of us, as Finnish citizens, are encouraged to get involved. I personally have committed to lowering my carbon footprint by half within a decade by signing up to the "Citizens Climate Pledge" initiative. The initiative was made global couple of weeks ago in an event hosted by the UN Climate Change Secretariat. Similar mechanism exists for the inclusive participation in support of the Agenda 2030</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/FI_EN.pdf</p>
France	<p>Face a ces perils, la France a confiance en les Nations Unies. Elles ont montré leur efficacité avec l'adoption de l'agenda 2030 sur le développement et l'accord de Paris sur le climat, avec les Opérations de maintien de la paix qui n'ont jamais été aussi nombreuses.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660459/france_fre.pdf</p>
Georgia	<p>Our government has a vision for how to translate these goals into national actions. This year, we launched a comprehensive 4-point reform plan, which is about making the development of our country a success for each and every citizen of Georgia and for the development and stability of the region. Success stories on implementing SDG 16. Let me reiterate that we remain committed to sharing our experience and extending support to those who are pursuing transformation. Within Georgia, our goal is to ensure maximum inclusion of all stakeholders in the decision making process. We have created several platforms where we have regular dialogue with civil society and private sector representatives.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/GE_EN.pdf</p>
Germany	<p>In the context of all the crisis meetings, it gives me hope that we here in the UN have made an important choice about the direction we want to take, the right choice, and that we have chosen unity, sustainability and transformation: with Agenda 2030. The Agenda is a global pact on the world's future, the focal point, the point of convergence for our joint actions. Our policies should be based on this – on human rights, the rule of law, as well as the fight against poverty and discrimination. We will also put global justice on the agenda when we take over the Chairmanship of the G20 next year.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/DE_EN.pdf</p>

<p>Ghana</p>	<p>The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development marks not only the beginning of a new and even more promising phase in our trajectory as a global body, but also challenges us to develop new and innovative partnerships that I believe will guarantee progress evenly across regions and for all people.</p> <p>The seventeen (17) goals and one hundred and sixty-nine (169) targets underscore the underlying-values of the United Nations as enshrined in its Charter and provide renewed impetus to its activities in sustaining peace, preserving our planet, and ensuring socio-economic justice as well as safeguarding the dignity of mankind</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/GH_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Greece</p>	<p>In this context, the main topic of this year's General Assembly – the implementation of the UN Agenda 2030 on sustainable development – is more timely than ever.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/GR_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Guatemala</p>	<p>My country recognizes that the adoption of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development represents a transformative vision and a roadmap with objectives, goals and indicators for addressing the challenges facing humanity. Guatemala endorses this Agenda, which is in compliance with our own 2032 K'atun National Development Plan, which was developed with the participation of the various sectors of society, marking a return to medium and long-term planning. We are also aware that it's impossible to achieve sustainable development if we don't ensure the preservation of our planet, and that is why my country didn't hesitate to adopt the Paris Agreement on Climate Change, which I had the honor of signing on 22 September 2016 at this venue.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/GT_EN.pdf</p>

<p>Guinea Bissau</p>	<p>Guinea-Bissau understands this session to be an opportunity to strengthen the commitments as well as the division of responsibilities among all the international actors in the pursuit of the Agenda 2030 goals. The commitments made by the parties must be respected. The goals of Agenda 2030 and the Addis Ababa Program of Action are complementary and must be harmonized and aligned.</p> <p>My country is strongly committed to do our part in implementing the commitments arising out of global and regional strategies.</p> <p>Thus, we are proud of the fact that our National Development Plan is in line with many of the Agenda 2030 goals and also of the national authorities' political will to gradually adjust this strategic plan in order to fully accommodate the 17 Sustainable Development goals. The Addis Ababa Program for Action for development financing approved by the General Assembly in July 2015 fosters new hopes with regard to financing for the achievement of the sustainable development goals.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/GW_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Guyana</p>	<p>Guyana recognises the interlocking objectives of the Agenda and the Agreement. It realises that the establishment of a 'green state' is consistent with building climate resilience while mitigating the effects of climate change. Guyana promises to continue to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - work towards the Agenda's goals, particularly, by contributing to limiting increases in global temperatures; and, - work towards a 'green path' of development that is in accord with the Agreement 'snationally-determined commitments. 	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660442/guyana.pdf</p>
<p>Hungary</p>	<p>Not available at UN website</p>	<p>Not available at UN website</p>

India	<p>We are all aware that 1/Gth of humanity lives in India. Therefore global success in realizing SDGs depends on the success achieved in India. We are committed to the wholehearted implementation of the Agenda 2030 as a national effort. We have decided to dedicate one day in each session of our Parliament for discussions only on SDGs. This will enable us to constantly monitor their progress and this will give us good results. 7. However, in a globalised world, national effort needs to be supplemented by international cooperation for the successful implementation .of Agenda 2030. I am happy that the 17 goals adopted by this Assembly are matched by the development vision of Prime Minister Modi which is geared towards the achievement of these same objectives.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/IN_EN.pdf</p>
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<p>Indonesia</p>	<p>The transformative 2030 Agenda is a global comprehensive framework for sustainable development efforts for us at the national level... and for the international community to act as one.</p> <p>The Agenda is broader than the issues contained in the MDGs. It reflects challenges faced by countries at the national level... at the same time, commits the international community to addressing global challenges.</p> <p>Indonesia is fully committed to implementing the 2030 Agenda... we have taken concrete measures... such as...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mainstreaming the SDGs into National Development Plan; • Finalizing legal and institutional frameworks for national implementation; • Engaging all stakeholders, including local governments, academics, civil society as well as philanthropic organizations; and • Developing national and sub-national action plan guidelines; the SDGs database; and monitoring, evaluation, and reporting mechanism. <p>However, implementation of the MDGs have taught us important lessons... national commitment needs to be complemented with a strong and robust international cooperation.</p> <p>In this regard, the implementation of the 2030 Agenda must be supported by the realization of strong global partnership.</p> <p>A global partnership, that makes a transformative difference, to the efforts of advancing sustainable development.</p> <p>The Global community must also provide sufficient means, for the implementation of the sustainable development goals... Such means include stable and predictable funding mechanisms and innovative approaches in financing for development.</p> <p>We need to mainstream SDGs' goals and targets, universal principles such as human rights, in all activities and work of the committees, agencies, and related bodies under the UN system.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/ID_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Iraq</p>	<p>Iraq is zealous to participate with the World nations' endeavor to achieve development and meet goals of sustainable development, combating poverty and discrimination, protecting the environment, enhancing programs of childcare, improve levels of health and education. Our intent is to provide a proper environment that promotes freedom, human rights, impartiality and vital participation of women in the state and society.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/IQ_EN.pdf</p>

<p>Ireland</p>	<p>We demonstrated this potential through the adoption of the 2030 Agenda and the Sustainable Development Goals, hugely significant commitments by UN Member States to work in a multidimensional manner to eliminate poverty and achieve sustained development over the next 15 years. Determined implementation of these goals will enable us to address many of the root causes of mass migration. As UN members, we are now called to meet our obligation to implement the SDGs, domestically within our own borders, bilaterally with our development partners, and multilaterally within regional and UN forums.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/IE_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Italy</p>	<p>Not available at UN website</p>	<p>Not available at UN website</p>
<p>Jamaica</p>	<p>I am honoured to join fellow leaders at this 71st session of the United Nations General Assembly, which affords us an opportunity to undertake the most effective global response to the challenges for which the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development was elaborated. With the adoption of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development in September last year, we as a global community have committed ourselves to securing the well-being of all peoples. Jamaica is mindful, however, that for this outcome to be realized, national efforts must be complemented by global partnership. Indeed, we are conscious that 'transforming our world' is the responsibility of us all - every nation and every individual. Under my leadership, despite the challenges, we in Jamaica are fully committed and are laying the foundation for accelerated, sustained growth. Consistent with the priorities of Jamaica's Vision 2030 and the global Sustainable Development Goals my Government is implementing strategies to achieve economic growth, job creation, security and poverty alleviation. These are our overriding objectives for the next 4 years. At this 71st session, let us re-commit to the ideals of the Charter and the noble ideals of this Organisation and let us re-commit to achieving the goals of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/JM_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Japan</p>	<p>Let me also say that at the core of the Japanese government I have formed a special team which I lead directly that is working to further the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The Government of Japan will accelerate the work towards early conclusion of the Paris Agreement on climate change and will carry out without fail its pledge to provide 1.3 trillion yen of assistance for developing countries in 2020.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/JP_EN.pdf</p>

Jordan	No reference found to the 2030 Agenda or SDGs	http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660453/jordan_eng.pdf
Kenya	<p>We believe that International cooperation will remain at the core of the implementation of the 2030 Agenda. We therefore note the importance of global partnerships and, in particular, the Global Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation. This partnership has a special role in accelerating delivery of development outcomes as effectively, fairly and efficiently as possible, with particular attention to least developed countries.</p> <p>There are certain priorities that the Government of Kenya attaches great importance to in implementing our country's Vision 2030, the United Nations 2030 Agenda, and the African Union Agenda 2063.</p>	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/KE_EN.pdf
Kiribati	On this note, I want to acknowledge with deep appreciation the continued assistance to our sustainable development efforts from all our development partners. But the implementation of the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda requires much more. The universal push to transform our world requires all to contribute. It requires a collective global effort.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660574/kiribati.pdf
Korea	Not available at UN website	Not available at UN website
Kuwait	<p>In this connection, the State of Kuwait welcomes the two historic agreements, on climate change signed by Kuwait on this podium last April, and on the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda, which we hope would lead to the realization of its objectives and purposes, inclusive by their character. We also pledge to exert all efforts in contributing effectively; within the framework of an international partnership, to fully implement the Sustainable Development Goals during the coming fourteen years.</p>	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/KW_EN.pdf

Lao PDR	<p>. We need to continue to adhere to the fundamental principles of the United Nations in resolving regional and international conflicts by peaceful means, while promoting development cooperation with focus on the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. It is my view that we need to deepen understanding of the SDGs at the national, regional and international levels in order to integrate these goals into our respective national development plans, and to mobilize sufficient resources for the effective implementation of this Agenda. Early this year, the Lao PDR held an election of the National Assembly which subsequently approved the new Government. This Government has further pursued the national development policy and mainstreamed the SDGs into its ath Five-Year National Socio-Economic Development Plan (2016-2020), the Development Strategy 2025 and Vision 2030. We regard the SDGs implementation as our international obligation, which will not only contribute to the realization of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, but will also bring development benefits to the Lao PDR. To this end, our Government must focus on the achievement of the goals of its ath National Socio-Economic Development Plan, Development Strategy 2025 and Vision 2030, which include green growth and sustainable development, maintaining steady economic growth, achieving constant reduction of poverty and graduating from the least developed country status, among others. In addition to the 17 SDGs, the Lao Government has adopted its national SDG 18: "Lives Safe from UXO". I myself together with Secretary General Ban Ki-moon formally launched this SDG18 on 7 September 2016 in Vientiane, Lao PDR. The targets of this particular SDG are to ensure that by 2030 residual UXO activities are undertaken and all known UXO contamination in high priority areas and all villages defined as 'poor' cleared; that annual casualties from UXO accidents are eliminated to the extent possible; and that all identified UXO survivors and victims have their needs met.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/LA_EN.pdf</p>
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<p>Latvia</p>	<p>Last year, in the 2030 Agenda, we all pledged "to leave no one behind". This promise supports poverty eradication and development effort in the most challenging context. It means addressing persistent vulnerabilities and building resilience in complex protracted crises and conflict-affected populations. The global commitment to shared responsibility shown at the UN summit on Monday goes hand in hand with the implementation of the Agenda 2030. Sustainable solutions must be found to ensure opportunities for education, employment and business for persons forcibly displaced during protracted crises and conflicts, and to provide support for host communities and countries. There are many challenges that shape the evolving global landscape. But we now have clear outlines of a new and better world that can be reached through diligent implementation of the 2030 Agenda.</p> <p>Implementation of the new Agenda will not be easy. Only through an informed and active society, in a true partnership between all stakeholders, and by reviewing the progress, will we be able to achieve the necessary transformative change by 2030. This is the time for us to act together responsibly. Latvia will continue doing its part to shape our better future.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/LV_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Lebanon</p>	<p>No reference found to the 2030 Agenda or SDGs</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/LB_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Lesotho</p>	<p>We are also aware of the synergies that exist between the UN 2030 Agenda, AU Agenda 2063 and the SADC Revised Regional Indicative Development Plan. For our part in Lesotho, we have already begun a process to ensure that the three agendas are mainstreamed into our national policies and plans. With our limited domestic resources, we are looking for innovative ways of pursuing our development priorities and aligning them to global, continental and regional agendas. Towards this end, Lesotho has been working with the UN Country office to conduct sensitization workshops on the SDGs. So far we have conducted such workshops for the Private Sector, Civil Society and Parliamentarians. We are in the process of reviewing our National Strategic Development Plan(NSDP) to align it fully with Agenda 2030, regional and continental development plans.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/LS_EN.pdf</p>

<p>Liberia</p>	<p>I am proud to have served as a Co-chair on the Secretary General's High Level Panel that commenced the process which culminated in the adoption of the 2030 Global Development Agenda, the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Liberia has embarked on the process of domesticating the SDGs through robust nationwide consultations and dialogues with major stakeholders including the Legislature, Executive, the Judiciary, the private sector, civil society, and faith-based organizations. With support of United Nations partners, we are formulating a roadmap to achieve full integration into our national development agenda</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/LR_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Lithuania</p>	<p>Successfully implementing Sustainable Development Goals will also require to dedicate special attention to women - often more impacted, but left behind and, ignored.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/LT_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Macedonia</p>	<p>We are aware that the Sustainable Development Agenda 2030 is not a ready-made recipe on how to achieve greater wellbeing, better life for our citizens, a more democratic society and a healthier environment for future generations, but it does contain good guidelines on how to realize these goals. However, even here we are facing a paradox. At this moment, we have an international system trying to establish sustainable development that is difficult to maintain itself. As humanity, we succeeded in achieving amazing scientific and technological development that paved the way for progress, simultaneously consuming all our free time and with that, the possibility for deeper thinking and contemplating. We thought ourselves the masters of Nature, without even being able to master our own greed. This is a time of consumerism, moral relativism and extreme individualism. We disturbed the fragile climate balance, the balance between humanity and nature, thus jeopardizing the future of our descendants. The sustainable development goals that the Republic of Macedonia fully supports should fix that error.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/MK_EN.pdf</p>

<p>Madagascar</p>	<p>En s'étant porté volontaire avec 21 autres pays, pour présenter son rapport de Revue volontaire de l'Agenda 2030, Madagascar a confirmé et concrétisé l'engagement politique auquel il a souscrit, lorsqu'il a adhéré à la mobilisation mondiale créée depuis l'année passée ; mobilisation autour de l'adoption de l'Agenda 2030 et de l'Accord de Paris sur le climat, sans oublier le Programme d'action d'Addis Abeba. Ces Objectifs que nous avons tous voulu universels, ne concernent pas seulement les Pays en développement ou pauvres. Ils s'adressent à tous les pays en s'adaptant aux réalités locales et au différentiel de développement, sachant qu'un monde durable ne saurait se construire sans une transition écologique au Nord ni un développement responsable au Sud.</p> <p>Les espoirs suscités par les ODD sont immenses. Il s'agit désormais de passer du stade des engagements à l'action et à la mise en œuvre : les défis majeurs sont la réallocation des investissements, la justice sociale et la traduction des engagements internationaux dans les stratégies et l'action politique au niveau national.</p> <p>Le développement humain, la protection de l'environnement, l'économie inclusive, constituent le triptyque autour duquel s'articulent les ODD. Ils sont en alignement avec notre Plan National de Développement. Pour atteindre les Objectifs du développement durable, Madagascar s'appuie sur la promotion de la protection sociale, en se dotant, cette année, d'une Politique nationale ainsi que de sa mise en œuvre.</p> <p>Les investissements directs étrangers, d'une part, ainsi que les aides publiques au développement, d'autre part, constituent des précieux soutiens qu'il importe de canaliser de manière optimale et de bien gérer pour aboutir à une autosuffisance, et à terme à l'achèvement des ODD. C'est pour toutes ces raisons que mon pays invitera les partenaires et investisseurs internationaux à Paris en Décembre prochain au cours d'une Conférence des bailleurs pour mobiliser les ressources nécessaires à son programme de développement.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/MG_FR.pdf</p>
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<p>Malawi</p>	<p>We have engaged in a unanimous drive to transform our world. We have agreed that our road to a better world must follow the signposts of 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). These goals show our road to the end of poverty in the world. Today, we gather to look back at the road of progress and to renew our commitment to pursue the goals to the end. We have risen to the occasion of our times and begun the journey of conquest with our adoption of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). But we have only begun. The sustainability of our pursuit and the conquest of our goals depend on our common understanding and walking together as a community of mankind. On UN reforms, Mr. President, our common position as Africa is the one espoused as the Ezulwini Consensus and the Sirte Declaration. Our firm belief is that the attainment of the SDGs cannot happen in an environment which is devoid of representation, fairness, efficiency, transparency and accountability at the United Nations Security Council. My country therefore earnestly supports the efforts and work currently under way to find a suitable formula for that reform and revitalization of the UN, and shall seek every possible way to contribute to the appropriate solution on the matter.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660444/malawi.pdf</p>
<p>Mali</p>	<p>Première Assemblée depuis l'adoption de l'Agenda 2030 par les Chefs d'Etat et de Gouvernement, cette session nous permettra, assurément, de faire le point d'un an de mise en œuvre en procédant à une analyse approfondie des difficultés enregistrées et ce, dans l'optique de trouver les meilleurs voies et moyens pour assurer l'atteinte des 17 objectifs du Développement Durable. En effet, les ODD qui s'appuient sur le succès des OMD, nous recommandent d'aller plus loin et plus vite si nous voulons mettre fin à toutes les formes de pauvreté et changer considérablement la vie des populations de manière inclusive à l'horizon 2030.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/SE_EN.pdf</p>

Marshall Islands	As we consider all of the UN Sustainable Development Goals (the SDGs) - as we think all the way out to 2030, and consider the mid-points, including 2023 - we must not only be ambitious with policy, but also to define the solid financial pathway needed to get there. And right now, our short term economic risk up to, and beyond, 2023 is simply unacceptable, as we transition to a new trust fund. So much has been said recently at the UN about "innovative finance" and building development and resiliency through private investment - and instead of doubting how those apply to my nation - I instead issue a stark challenge to ourselves and our partners - work closely with us to chart our new economic future to 2023 and beyond , with creative solutions to difficult problems. If we are all truly serious about tackling the UN SDGs, let's truly find solutions for (quote) "island-tailored innovative finance."	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/MH_EN.pdf
Mexico	Not available at UN website	Not available at UN website
Micronesia	The work of the UN rests on three pillars: Peace and Security, Development, and Human Rights. This is the first year of implementation after the international community adopted a number of milestone agreements on Disaster Risk Reduction, Financing for Development, the 2030 Development Agenda and the Paris Agreement on Climate Change.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/FM_EN.pdf
Monaco	Grace a vous, des progres considerables ont ete accomplis en matiere de developpement durable, avec l'adoption, il y a un an, du Programme 2030 et de ses 17 Objectifs de Developpement Durable, . ainsi que celle, en decembre, d'un accord majeur, l'Accord de Paris sur le climat.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/MC_FR.pdf

<p>Mongolia</p>	<p>Last year, we all together launched the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda universal action plan for people, peace, prosperity and partnership. In December in Paris, the world turned a new page to combat climate change. As a global community, we are following a new roadmap on our next 15-year journey. The Agenda 2030 and the Paris Agreement provide clear guidelines for achieving what we have promised to do. Mongolia will ensure that no one is left behind, by reaching out to the most vulnerable first. The principles and policies of the 2030 Agenda have been translated into our national strategy. The Sustainable Development Vision of Mongolia 2030 is in action. Our agenda calls for the establishment of a diverse and inclusive economic structure. That is for increasing decent jobs and providing opportunities and income generation. Our goal is for improving quality of life and ensuring environmental sustainability. Equally essential is cooperation between and among governments, international development communities, the private sector, and institutions of the civil society. From our past experiences of implementing Millennium Development Goals at the national level, we learned that regular follow up and review mechanisms are essential to achieving the SDGs. Therefore, accountability and the quality of governance will eventually define the success of SDGs.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/MN_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Morocco</p>	<p>Not available at UN website</p>	<p>Not available at UN website</p>

<p>Mozambique</p>	<p>The Agenda 2030 for Sustainable Development reflects the collective ambition. (and the global consensus on the need to accelerate the creation of conditions so that our efforts for poverty eradication and building sustainable development are centred on people.'..Therefore, Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) is a tool with an enormous potential to trigger profound changes in our development vision and ensure that no country or individual is left _put.</p> <p>The major challenge to Sustainable Development Goals lies in their implementation, particularly the following aspects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Alignment with global, regional and national instruments and resources; - Financing; - Monitoring and evaluation; - Inclusiveness. <p>In including the dimension of p_eace and stability, Sustainable Development Goals recognise the indivisibility between peace and development and the need for itsconsolidation</p> <p>I am confident that transformation of the world that is intended with the SDGs presupposes structural changes in the way wet.design and implement our major national development agendas in the short, mejum and long terms.</p> <p>To this end, the 2015 - 2019 Government Five fvear Programme, our governance blueprint, already reflects part of the princip es and the three dimensions of sustainable development.</p> <p>In order to mainstream, monitor and report on tt,e implementation of Sustainable Development Goals we have recently established a National Reference Group involving representatives from the Government/Parli ament, Civil Society, Private Sector and Cooperating Partners</p> <p>The task of this Reference Group is to follow up progress on the indicators selected to assess targets until 2030, as weft as deal with policy measures, funding possibilities and all factor ng</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/MZ_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Myanmar</p>	<p>Myanmar's 2016 national economic and development policy is designed to meet many of the Sustainable Development Goals, including the enhancement of infrastructure investment, agriculture, private sector, SMEs and, in particular, poverty alleviation. National reconciliation, job creation and preservation of natural resources, capacity building and creating opportunities for the young are the key objectives of our people-centered and inclusive policy.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/MM_EN.pdf</p>

Nauru	<p>The power of the 2030 (twenty-thirty) Agenda comes from its legitimacy. It was the product of a truly open and transparent process that reflects the hopes and aspirations of all one-hundred-and-ninety-three UN Members. We all sat at the table and held the pen together. I implore our partners to remember that.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/NR_EN.pdf</p>
Netherlands	<p>Now is the time for implementation - walk the talk. I know : implementation does not often make headlines. Implementation is not usually accompanied by Angelique Kidjo or Shakira singing on stage, as they did during the adoption of the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda last year in this very Assembly Hall. But implementation is necessary to deliver on the goals we set. And it is necessary for this organisation to remain relevant and credible. To survive. That is why I believe a shift from outcome documents to action and execution should be the top priority of both the UN membership and the new Secretary-General. The new Secretary-General should be an Implementer-General on the basis of a 21st century vision of global cooperation. We have made a good start with the execution of the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda in our own country. We look forward to share our National Voluntary Presentation with the membership next summer.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/NL_EN.pdf</p>
New Zealand	<p>For economic development to be fully realised, the sustainable development goals must be implemented by all. And protectionism will have a chilling effect on our ability to deliver on the sustainable development goals.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/NZ_EN.pdf</p>
Nicaragua	<p>One year ago, the International Community agreed to launch the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, an Agenda which offers us a historic opportunity to transform and fight for a Just World Order, so that together, in Peace, Solidarity and Complementarity, we may advocate for the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660654/nicaragua_eng.pdf</p>

<p>Nigeria</p>	<p>We must remain committed to taking bold steps to transform our world. The Sustainable Development Goals underscore the imperative for our collective will towards finding enduring and sustainable solutions to addressing global disparities. It is in the light of our appreciation of the enormity of the task before us, that I welcome the theme of this Assembly, 'Sustainable Development Goals; a Universal Push to Transform the World.'</p> <p>Fighting corruption remains a cardinal pillar of our administration. Corruption freezes development , thereby undermining the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals. I am pleased that our efforts in fighting corruption are yielding positive results including significant stolen assets recoveries.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660469/nigeria.pdf</p>
<p>Norway</p>	<p>Yet at the same time, the world has also moved forward - countries have come together, found compromises and taken joint action. For example, when we reached the Paris Agreement, and when we adopted the 2030 Agenda- the road map for our future coexistence and cooperation. The Sustainable Development Goals are groundbreaking. They provide us with a roadmap for the future we want.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/NO_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Pakistan</p>	<p>We agree that implementation of the Sustainable Development Agenda should be the focus of this Session.. We have fully integrated the 2030 Development Agenda into our own economic and social strategy.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/PK_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Palau</p>	<p>14 years is short period within which to achieve the 17 goals of 2030 Agenda. That is why we agree with the sense of urgency expressed in the word "push" in theme for the 71st session of the United Nations "The Sustainable Development Goals: a universal push to transform the world". In Palau, we are in the process of integrating the 17 goals into our national and sectoral plans so we can implement the 2030 Agenda in a holistic manner. But while that process is taking place we have taken an initiative that, for us, indicates a concrete path towards achievement of the SDGs. In 2015 we started to implement our National Marine Sanctuary. For us, this was the best way to achieve the sustainable development goals. The 2030 Agenda was universal in its development and its transformational goals. It must also be universal in its implementation.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/PW_EN.pdf</p>

<p>Panama</p>	<p>Nuestro Plan Estrategico de Gobierno 2014-2019 se encuentra en sintonia con la Agenda 2030 de Desarrollo Sostenible y esta respaldado por un plan agresivo de inversion publica, cuyo monto total asciende a 19 mil millones de dolares, para dotar a todos los panameños de acceso al agua potable, sanidad basica, viviendas dignas y servicios eficientes de salud, educaci6n, seguridad y transporte de calidad</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660472/pa_nama_spa.pdf</p>
<p>Papua New Guinea</p>	<p>As Papua New Guinea embarks on implementing the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and other multilateral agreements, under the auspices of our "National Strategy for Responsible Sustainable Development" and further guided by our Medium Term Development Plan and the long-term strategic "Vision 2050" development roadmap, for a prosperous, secure, healthy, peaceful and progressive nation; the importance of ensuring the fundamental and inherent rights of our citizens continue to remain central.</p> <p>Twenty sixteen has been heralded as the year of implementation of the recently agreed international development agreements which includes the transformative and inclusive 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development, which underscores the importance of eradicating poverty and ensuring that no-one-is-left behind. It now forms the key driver for multilateral and bilateral cooperation as well as national engagement in improving quality of life to all.</p> <p>We therefore welcome and support the sensible theme for this General Assembly chosen by the incumbent President. The challenge is to ensure that the 2030 Agenda is led and driven nationally with support, as necessary, from development partners.</p> <p>To this end, we appreciate and have supported the first high level review of the SDGS and are committed to ensuring its full implementation in Papua New Guinea and globally.</p> <p>Papua New Guinea agrees with the High Level Political Forum outcome that recognizes that the key to the 2030 Agenda hinges on ensuring National ownership and leadership, multi-stakeholder engagement and partnership, and a paradigm shift away from the business as usual modus operandi.</p> <p>My Government is committed to delivering on the SDGs for the people of Papua New Guinea. We are building on the important lessons learnt from the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) .</p> <p>We are in the process of translating and integrating the SDGs at the</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/PG_EN.pdf</p>

<p>Peru</p>	<p>Nuestro plan de gobierno y nuestras políticas públicas coinciden con los Objetivos de Desarrollo Sostenible que están consignados con la Agenda 2030 de Naciones Unidas, que incluyen el acceso al agua, a la educación y a la salud para todos los peruanos y otros servicios imprescindibles destinados a reducir radicalmente la pobreza, en un marco de lucha frontal contra la corrupción, la discriminación, la inseguridad y el narcotráfico.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660457/peru_spa.pdf</p>
<p>Philippines</p>	<p>today, the Philippines, once again, is privileged to renew its commitment to the cause of peace, security and sustainable development through key priority areas and advocacies identified in the 2030 Agenda. Since 2013, the Philippines has made public its support for the core pillars of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. The Philippines is honored to be one of the 22 pioneer countries that volunteered at the High-Level Political Forum (HLPF) to share its initiatives in the first year of implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/PH_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Poland</p>	<p>The second challenge to sustainable development, one which also calls for responsible policies, is care for natural environment. The implementation of Agenda 2030 will not be possible without stemming the degradation of nature, an effort to be taken on with determination and consistency.</p> <p>Responsibility for the natural environment involves more than mere prevention of climate change. In line with the spirit of Agenda 2030, it also includes protection of water and soil or fighting desertification.</p> <p>Our policy is thus consistent with the ambitious vision on whose implementation we jointly decided adopting Agenda 2030 one year ago. I think the time has come to start a global coalition of states for solidarity-based development of societies.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660463/poland.pdf</p>
<p>Portugal</p>	<p>On the issue of human rights, too, we have come a long way in gender equality, although much still needs to be done. This is a topic of cross-cutting importance, particularly in the context of the 2030 Agenda and the Women, Peace and Security Agenda.</p> <p>Portugal will, therefore, be looking forward to its engaged participation in the first United Nations conference on the implementation of the 14th Sustainable Development Goal on Oceans, Seas and Marine Resources, which will be held in New York in 2017.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660470/portugal.pdf</p>

Romania	We should reflect more on a strategy for the post-conflict reconstruction, building on the sustainable development goals and their targets, be it in Syria, Iraq, Libya or Yemen, and continue the discussions on the institutional process and financial contributions needed with all the stakeholders involved.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/RO_EN.pdf
Russia	The launch of market and non-market mechanisms to reduce emissions of greenhouse gases as stipulated in Article VI of the Agreement is of priority in this context. In the final analysis, this would be of crucial importance for preventing the violations of competitive environment and transfer of "dirty production" from some countries to other ones which hampers the achievement of sustainable development goals.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/RU_EN.pdf
Saudi Arabia	Also, the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is a special attention to sustainable development where they adopted many strategies, policies, plans and laws and initiatives to achieve the economic vision 2030 which included a plan of economic diversification in the medium and long term. In this context, my country focus on three axes, namely the vital community and booming economy, supply and permitted. These axes are complementary and consistent with each other in order to achieve our goals and maximize the use of the bases of this vision.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/SA_EN.pdf

<p>Sierra Leone</p>	<p>In Sierra Leone, drawing from the lessons learnt from the implementation of the MDGs, we have taken action to quickly integrate the SDGs into our national development planning processes by linking each of the 17 goals and 169 targets to our national development programme- the Agenda for Prosperity. Sierra Leone was one of the twenty-two countries that were reviewed during the ECOSOC High- Level Political Forum (HLPF) in July this year. We shared our perspective on how we want to implement the SDGs, the challenges we envisage and how we hope to overcome them. At the same time, we have formulated a National Integrated Results Framework aligning the SDGs to our A4P monitoring and evaluation mechanism. We have also established the Sierra Leone International Benchmarks System to address the challenges relating to reliable statistical data required to report on our progress.</p> <p>But Mr. President, whatever we do at the national level, whatever efforts we make at the global stage, whatever projects the brightest amongst us design, we will not be able to deliver on the SDG's promise of an inclusive, fairer and better world without the reform of the United Nations. Let me put it straight: our premier global institution lacks the democratic competencies to tackle the developmental, security and other challenges facing Africa and many other parts of the world. Without strong African voices at the highest level of our premier global decision making.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/SL_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Slovakia</p>	<p>I am sure that we are more than capable to deal with the challenges such as poverty, hunger, diseases, injustice, discrimination. With challenges of 2030 Agenda. We have the best means in the history to make the living on this planet as good as it gets. The success of the new agenda will not be possible without efficient international cooperation and coordination backed by the United Nations institutions. The success will be not possible without us, people in this room.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660443/slovakia.pdf</p>
<p>Slovenia</p>	<p>After the truly landmark last General Assembly Session, it is now time to start implementing the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, which – together with the Paris Climate Agreement – provides a signpost and a vision of a more sustainable future for our planet and prosperity for its people.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660466/slovenia.pdf</p>

<p>Solomon Islands</p>	<p>Last year was a year of Agreements and adoption of frameworks, this year must be about operationalising the Agreements and implementing frameworks. It is in this regard, Solomon Islands welcomes this Session's theme, "The Sustainable Development Goals: A universal Push to Transform our World". We commend you in putting together an implementing SDG Team in your office. We look forward to working with you in unlocking the Means of Implementation in realising the full and effective implementation of the SDGs.</p> <p>I am indeed proud to say, Solomon Islands has begun work in domesticating Sustainable Development Goals by integrating them to our 2016-2035 National Development Strategy (NDS). The NDS provides a clear, coherent and harmonised whole of government approach in delivering on our national policies and programmes.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/SB_EN.pdf</p>
<p>South Africa</p>	<p>It is a well-known reality that our continent, particularly sub-Saharan Africa, did not achieve the targets that were set in the MDGs. It was for this reason that we insisted that the Social Development Goals or Agenda 2030 should continue the unfinished business of the MDGs. We have an interest therefore to ensure the improved implementation of the SDGs, as we take forward the agenda of promoting Africa's sustainable development.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660464/south-africa.pdf</p>
<p>Spain</p>	<p>Es, asimismo, la fuente que ha inspirado la Agenda 2030 en la que todos nos hemos comprometido a terminar con el hambre y la pobreza extrema y a consolidar un modelo de desarrollo sostenible en el transcurso de una generación. España ha hecho de la Agenda 2030 fuente de inspiración de nuestra acción interior y exterior. Debemos combatir la desigualdad y trabajar por un modelo económico que favorezca la prosperidad compartida y proporcione oportunidades de empleo a las jóvenes y, en general, a quienes más han sufrido los efectos de la crisis durante estos años. Nadie debe quedar atrás para nuestra acción o por nuestra omisión. Es también fundamental, para avanzar en esa causa que a todos nos concierne, la lucha contra los efectos del cambio climático. Me satisface subrayar que hace casi un año, en París, fuimos capaces de alcanzar un acuerdo crucial al respecto. Su cumplimiento es una prioridad ineludible para todos y de ello habremos de rendir cuentas ante las generaciones presentes y futuras. La próxima COP22, que se celebrará en Marruecos, será una oportunidad magnífica para reforzar nuestro compromiso.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660471/spain_spa.pdf</p>
<p>Sri Lanka</p>	<p>Not available at UN website</p>	<p>Not available at UN website</p>

<p>Swaziland</p>	<p>Integrated the SDGs into national development framework. Put in place institutional agreements to ensure that implementation of SDGS is properly monitored at all levels. Exectutive and Legislative are fully involved and periodically report to Cabinet and Parliament on progress. Translated the national vision Vision 2022 into practical targets towards achievement of the SDGS . Set indicators that cover 8 focal areas: Economic, education, health, service delivery, infrastructure, agriculture, environmental sustainability, governance and corruption. Revised national development strategy emphasizing linkages between the SDGs and Agenda 2063</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/SZ_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Sweden</p>	<p>The 2030 Agenda is a political roadmap for reform. The Agenda requires the UN to offer comprehensive advice and support to governments on how to shape and develop societies, on issues ranging from tax reform to decent jobs. It also requires the UN to monitor developed countries, while assisting middle-income countries in their efforts to build inclusive and accountable institutions, and sustainable prosperity.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/SE_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Switzerland</p>	<p>Parmi les pierres angulaires de cette vision figure l'Agenda 2030 de développement durable. Il constituera le cadre de référence commun pour l'élaboration de solutions durables. Il est la base d'un contrat social renouvelé entre dirigeants et populations. Notre approche dans cette phase cruciale doit reposer sur des principes qui nous sont chers, à nous Suisses, à savoir l'inclusion et la participation. Je suis convaincu qu'en agissant ensemble, nous arriverons à concrétiser l'Agenda 2030. La Suisse a été l'un des premiers pays à présenter des mesures nationales en vue de la réalisation de l'Agenda 2030. Elle est déterminée à poursuivre son engagement.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/CH_FR.pdf</p>

<p>Tanzania</p>	<p>Mr. President; the United Republic of Tanzania counts on your leadership in mobilising the world to implement the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Now that the global indicators framework is already in place, the onus is on us to ensure effective implementation of the agenda. We welcome the theme adopted by member states "the Sustainable Development Goals: a universal push to transform our world". We recognize it is an ambitious agenda and that much is at stake. We admit that national efforts need to be stepped up to make the agenda implementable.</p> <p>In Tanzania we have integrated the SDGs in our National Development Plans and Strategies, and in collaboration with a broad range of stakeholders, have taken various steps to ensure effective implementation at the national level.</p> <p>Our Second National Five-year Development Plan whose theme is "nurturing industrialization for economic transformation and human development" launched in June 2016, as well as the new Poverty Reduction Strategy for Zanzibar (MKUZA 2016 - 2020), were informed by both the outcomes of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the Agenda 2063 of the African Union. These are the basic frameworks in our efforts to increase the welfare of Tanzanians and to ensure that No One is Left Behind.</p> <p>In spite of our national efforts and a significant drive towards domestic resource mobilization in implementing the 2030 and the African Union 2063 Agenda, we have learnt that on our own we cannot timely realize these ambitious goals. Individual and collective efforts at the local, national and international levels are imperative.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/TZ_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Thailand</p>	<p>Thailand stands ready to promote further cooperation with all groups, such as BRICS and ASEAN, who are ready to engage with us in the implementation of the Sustainable Development Agenda, in order to ensure a stronger push to transform our world in an inclusive manner. Next month, Thailand will host the 2nd Asia Cooperation Dialogue Summit which could also serve as a forum for further discussions on the implementation of SDGs in the region.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/TH_EN.pdf</p>

Timor-Leste	Joined a group of 8 countries to share good practices and experiences on implementing the Agenda. Formed inter-ministerial Working Group in collaboration with CS and development partners, mapped indicators for the 17 Goals and selected 20 targets to monitor implementation. Convened high level international conference to discuss ways to advanced the Agenda on March 2017 Attempted to harmonize the SDGs with planning of activities, budget under the Government Programa amd will include the SDGs in the review of the strategic development plan.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/TL_EN.pdf
Turkey	2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development that we created together includes ambitious and transformative goals for all of us. Official Development Assistance comprises the most important resource of supporting development efforts of especially the Least Developed Countries. Turkey's Official Development Assistance has reached 3.9 billion US Dollars in 2015.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660461/statement-by-turkey.pdf
Uganda	Not available at UN website	Not available at UN website
United Kingdom	We will continue to honour our commitment to spend 0.7 per cent of our Gross National Income on development, building on the achievements we have already made to reduce poverty, deal with instability and increase prosperity the world over. And we will drive forward the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660462/united-kingdom.pdf
United States	Not available at UN website	Not available at UN website
Uruguay	Uruguay renews its commitment to comply with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. It is essential to repeat within the framework of this General Assembly that eradication of poverty under all its forms and dimensions and the transversal incorporation of the Human Rights perspective, must continue to be the unavoidable and guiding objectives of the implementation of the Agenda.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660458/uruguay-e.pdf
Vanuatu	Working on the integration of the SDGS into the National Development Plan Adopted its first National Policy of the Ocean Created a Committe for the review of the revenues.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/VU_FR.pdf
Venezuela	Hace un año, los Jefes de Estado y de Gobierno adoptaron la Agenda de Desarrollo 2030 con el fin último de erradicar el hambre y la pobreza, recordando que la misma está centrada en las personas, y que es universal y transformadora.	http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/VE_ES.pdf

<p>Vietnam</p>	<p>Last year, 2015, we set a common vision for the world we live in. The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, the Addis Ababa Action Agenda on Financing for Development, the Paris Agreement on Climate Change and the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction not only seek to address short- term challenges but also present the vision for greater partnership for people, planet, peace and prosperity. The theme that you have chosen for this Session - "The Sustainable Development Goals: A Universal Push to Transform Our World" - is therefore very opportune, as we embark upon realizing our vision and turning our commitments into concrete results for our people. Viet Nam is strongly committed to the SDGs and the 2030 Agenda. A plan of action for SDG implementation has been developed, and we are working with tJN agencies to craft the One Strategic Plan 2017-2021, as part of the Delivering As One initiative, to assist Viet Nam in SDG implementation. For us, SDG implementaion is part of, but also encompasses our efforts to restructure the economy and transforming the growth model, develop sustainable infrastructure, ensure social justice, address inequalities and protect the environment. Viet Nam calls on developed countries to uphold their responsibility and take the lead in assisting developing nations, including Viet Nam, to realize SDGs, especially in financing, capacity building, technology transfer, and trade facilitation</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/VN_EN.pdf</p>
<p>Zambia</p>	<p>WE ARE MEETING DURING A SPECIAL PERIOD, WHEN OUR COUNTRIES ARE EMBARKING ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CURRENT GLOBAL DEVELOPMENTAL BLUEPRINT, THE AGENDA 2030 FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT. AFRICA APPRECIATES THE IMPORTANT SYNERGIES OF THE UN AGENDA 2030, AND OUR OWN AGENDA 2063: THE AFRICA WE WANT, ADOPTED BY AU HEADS OF STATE AND GOVERNMENT AT THE JANUARY, 2015 AU SUMMIT. MY GOVERNMENT ACCORDS THE HIGHEST PRIORITY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDGS). WE BELIEVE THAT THERE CAN BE NO MEANINGFUL DEVELOPMENT WITHOUT THE ELIMINATION . THERE IS, THEREFORE, NEED TO ERADICATE CONFLICT IN ORDER TO ATTAIN THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDGS).</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/media2/7660476/zambia.pdf</p>

Zimbabwe	<p>We all vividly recall the momentous occasion in September last year when we adopted the ambitious Sustainable Development Goals "Agenda 2030". This Assembly provides us with a unique opportunity to review the measures we have taken thus far, at both the international and national levels, in line with our commitments to global socio-economic transformation.</p> <p>While compromises were unavoidable, even inevitable, in developing this important agenda, compromises or half-measures have no place in its implementation phase. We need sincere, genuine and total commitment by all to the implementation of this Agenda, if it is not to join many other previous well-crafted global agendas that ended in failure and non-delivery. We hope that this time around, this agenda will meet better fate.</p> <p>We are encouraged that, since September last year, foundational steps have been and are being taken, at various levels, to implement Agenda 2030. On our part, I am happy to inform you that we have established national multi-stakeholder and multi-sector structures to domesticate and implement the 2030 Agenda, in a coordinated and integrated manner with our national development programme, the Zimbabwe Agenda for Sustainable Socio-Economic Transformation (Zim Asset). Our task of domesticating Agenda 2030 has been made relatively less challenging in that the vision and aspirations of our national economic blueprint and the global agenda, are basically the same. Our biggest impediment to the achievement of the 2030 Agenda is the burden of the punitive and heinous sanctions imposed against us by some among us here.</p>	<p>http://statements.unmeetings.org/GA71/ZW_EN.pdf</p>
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